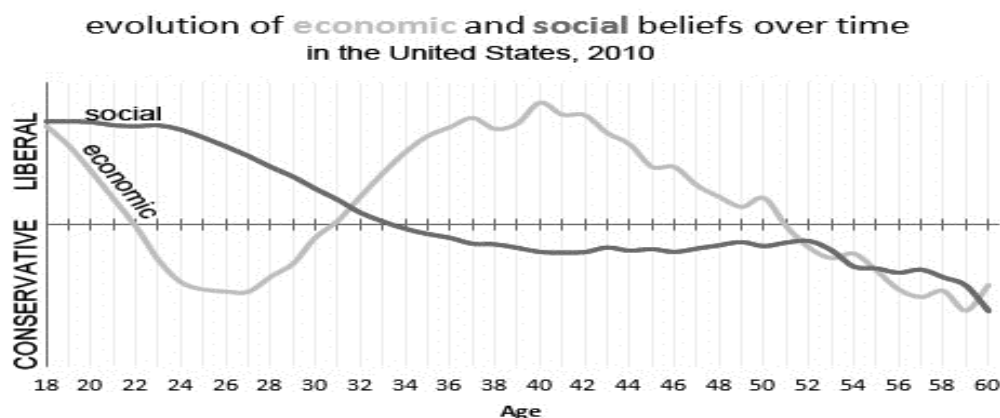




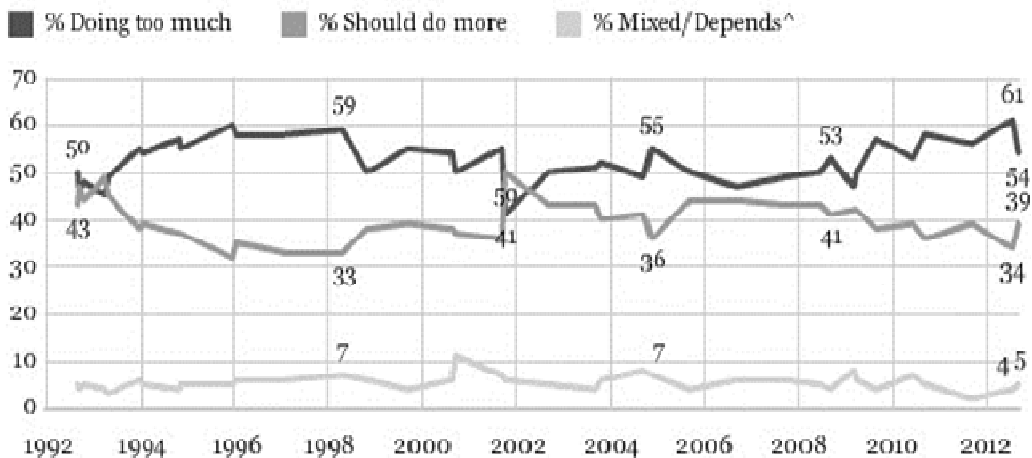
- 1) How does Federalism encourage experimentation?
- 2) Describe the facts and precedent of the case of McCulloch v. Maryland (1819)
- 3) What powers were found in McCulloch v. Maryland which could be inferred from the specific powers listed in Article I?
- 4) What is the Supremacy Clause? How does it affect state and national laws?
- 5) How did the Connecticut Compromise allocate representation in congress
- 6) In what form of government has a strong central government with weak local governments ?
- 7) Which faction insisted on adding the Bill of Rights to the U.S. Constitution? Why?
- 8) Explain Dual federalism.
- 9) Identify three enumerated powers of the federal government.
- 10) Identify three reserved powers. What part of the Constitution describes reserved powers?
- 11) Identify three concurrent powers.



- 12) Based on the graph above, describe the political beliefs of US citizens over 50.
- 13) Based on the graph above, which age group could best be described as libertarian?
- 14) Funds given to the state by the Federal government for specific projects such as school lunches or the building of highways or airports are called
- 15) Define layer-cake federalism.
- 16) A form of government which balances authority between a central government and smaller regional governments is
- 17) What clause in the Constitution gives Congress the power to regulate all business activities that cross state lines or affect more than one state?
- 18) What is the process by which an accused individual is captured by officials of one state and returned to the state in which the crime is alleged to have been committed?
- 19) The power of judicial review was claimed for the federal courts by the Supreme Court in the case of:

- 20) The fact many presidents served as state governors before taking national office shows which role of federalism?
- 21) Grants from the Federal government to states for broad activities-welfare, child care, education, social services, preventive health care, and health services-with very few strings attached are called
- 22) Describe the powers of Municipalities:
- 23) Define and describe devolution. Give one specific example of devolution.
- 24) When it came to federal power, Anti-Federalists consistently favored

*Some people think the government is trying to do too many things that should be left to individuals and businesses. Others think that government should do more to solve our country's problems. Which comes closer to your own view?*



- 25) Based on the graph above, describe Americans' general attitude toward the Federal government:
- 26) Based on the graph above, what year showed a significant increase in Americans' belief the government should do more? Why do you think this was the case?
- 27) Define power:
- 28) Which clause in the Constitution requires state courts to accept the public records and laws of other states as valid?
- 29) What were the two key principles in the framing of the U.S. Constitution? Why were these important?
- 30) Under the articles of the US Constitution, a citizen cannot be imprisoned or detained without being charged, brought before a judge, and given access to counsel. This protection is: